Animal Adaptations Pre-Visit Activity

Animals adapt to survive in the specific habitat that they live in. These adaptations may be physical adaptations (a body part) or a behavioral adaptation (an action). Each box lists many different adaptations, both physical and behavioral, that are found in animals and plants in specific habitats. Match the correct habitat to the list of adaptations.

Choose from these habitats:

Desert	Wetlands	Arctic
Grasslands	Ocean	Rainforest

Adaptations:

- Fins or flippers
- Gills
- Air sacs for buoyancy
- Vocalizations

Habitat: _____

Adaptations:

- Thick fur
- Blubber
- Cup-shaped flower
- Huddling together

Habitat: _____

Adaptations:

- Water-based metamorphosis
- Waterproof coat
- Aerenchyma
- Ambush hunting style

Habitat: _____

Adaptations:

- Speed
- Specialized dentition
- Growth from the base
- Large herds

Habitat: _____

Adaptations:

- Large ears
- Long eyelashes
- Ability to store water
- Nocturnal

Habitat: _____

Adaptations:

- Claws/arms/legs for climbing
- Ability to thrive in damp climate
- Tall height of trees
- Loud vocalizations

Habitat: _____